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Evaluation the Anti-Inflammatory Activity of Some Eastern Libyan **Medicinal Plants**

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Four Libyan medicinal plants Olea Europaea (Oleacea), Cistus Incanus (Cistaceae), Launaea Residifolia (Asteraceae), Cistus Parviflorus, Lam(Cistaceae) were collected from EL -jabal EL-akhdar eastern Libya in April 2010 after identified the plants were extracted using microwave technique by three solvents (methanol-ethyl acetate -hexane) these plants were studied for anti-inflammatory activity using carrageenan induced mice odema model. The plant extracts of different solvents were administered at dose 250 mg/kg of the body weight intraperitoneally, among these extracts, Cistus Parviflorus, Lam extract especially methanolic and ethyl acetate extracts gave the most significant % inhibition of inflammation after 3 hr (57.4±1.9 - 65.5 ± 2.5 respectively) this effect was better than standard reference aspirin (55.1 ± 1.9)

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